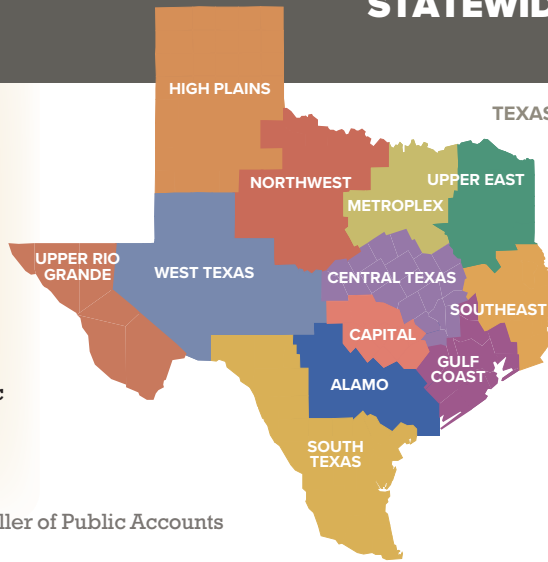


TEXAS

STATEWIDE ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT

The Texas Comptroller's office divides the state's 268,000 square miles into 12 economic regions, each with at least one Census-defined metropolitan statistical area (MSA), urban areas with relatively high populations and close economic integration.

Glenn Hegar Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

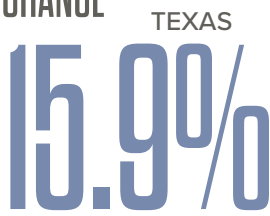


TEXAS STATISTICS AND STATE RANK IN THE U.S.

	TEXAS	STATE RANK
SQUARE MILES	268,597	2
POPULATION, 2020 CENSUS	29,145,505	2
POPULATION PERCENT CHANGE, 2010 TO 2020	15.9%	3
POPULATION OVER 25 WITH AT LEAST A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA, 2019	83.7%	49
POPULATION OVER 25 WITH BACHELOR'S DEGREE OR HIGHER, 2019	29.9%	28
PER CAPITA INCOME, 2019	\$52,813	26
MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME, 2019	\$61,874	22
POPULATION AGE 65 OR OVER, 2019	12.9%	48
POPULATION UNDER AGE 18, 2019	25.5%	2

For more information on how Texas and its distinct, diverse regions compare to the U.S. and other states visit [TexIndex at: comptroller.texas.gov/economy/texindex/](http://comptroller.texas.gov/economy/texindex/)

POPULATION CHANGE



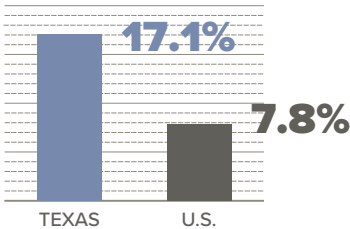
U.S.
7.4%

Texas' population rose by about 16 percent between 2010 and 2020, compared to a 7.4 percent increase nationwide. Population

growth was strongest in the Capital region (31.5 percent), followed by the Gulf Coast (19.9 percent), Metroplex (19.5 percent), and Alamo (17.5 percent) regions.

JOBS & WAGES

PERCENT CHANGE IN TOTAL JOBS, 2010 TO 2020



Texas added more than 1.9 million jobs between 2010 and 2015, an increase of 17.1 percent, more than double the national growth rate. Energy-related industries are highly concentrated in Texas, as measured by location quotient (LQ). An LQ of 1.25 or higher indicates that the industry enjoys a competitive advantage in the region compared to other areas. Jobs in logistics and delivery industries saw strong growth in

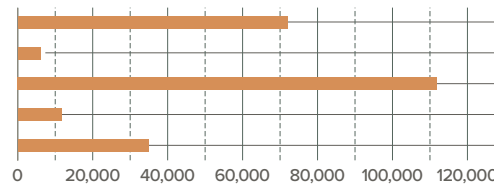
recent years, as did services related to computer systems design and technical consulting.

Health care and education-related industries employ the largest numbers of Texans. While the most concentrated industries by LQ are indicative of the state's history as an energy producer.

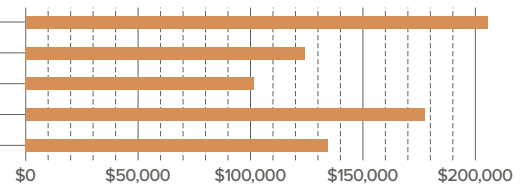
TOP INDUSTRIES BY LOCATION QUOTIENT, 2020

INDUSTRY	LQ
OIL AND GAS EXTRACTION	6.03
PIPELINE TRANSPORTATION OF CRUDE OIL	5.58
SUPPORT ACTIVITIES FOR MINING	5.28
PIPELINE TRANSPORTATION OF NATURAL GAS	4.27
BASIC CHEMICAL MANUFACTURING	2.66

LQ NUMBER EMPLOYED



AVERAGE ANNUAL WAGES

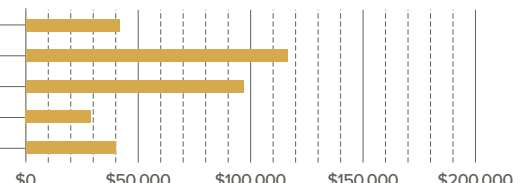
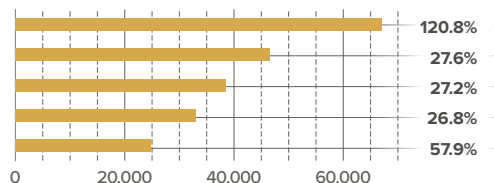


INDUSTRIES WITH LARGEST TOTAL JOBS GROWTH, 2015 TO 2020

EMPLOYMENT CHANGE

PERCENT CHANGE

AVERAGE ANNUAL WAGES



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TO SEE THE COMPLETE 2022 REGIONAL REPORTS, VISIT: comptroller.texas.gov/economy/economic-data/regions/2022/

Sources: JobsEQ; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages; U.S. Census Bureau; U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts